

CONTRACTOR'S HANDBOOK

PRODUCTS RANGE OF USE AND TECHNICAL DATA DRAWINGS OF SIGNIFICANT CONSTRUCTION DETAILS STANDARD LABELLING AND IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS

FOREWORD

With a great pleasure we give you the second edition of ATLAS "Contractor's Handbook". We have gathered here comprehensive up-to-date information on ATLAS and AVAL brand offer, including new products introduced recently. We believe that it will meet your expectations and significantly help in proper selection of our products.

Similarly to the first edition, in our brochure we have tried to gather all the information about the products, their technical data and range of use clearly shown in form of 18 tables divided into seven product categories. There are 3D drawings, adjoined to the most of them, which illustrate the most relevant solutions with the use of products from the particular category.

In case of adhesives, grouts and waterproof products we show the areas which cause the major problems during tiling. We have included details that are significant during finishing works in the "wet rooms" and two layouts of terrace layers over the heated rooms. In the screeds and floors section we present four floor layouts in two variants of heating. In the insulation section we raise the issues that are queried the most often and those occurring during any external thermal insulation works.

Information and issues that are given in the "Contractor's Handbook" can also be found in Technical Data Sheets and on our web site (www.atlas.com.pl/en). We hope that information and the way of its presentation in this handbook will be helpful in everyday work. The handbook will be widely available for contractors: distributed among the participants of trainings conducted by our Sales and Technical Advisors and ATLAS Trainers as well as by ATLAS wholesale partners.

Michał Gosławski

Foreign Sales Director – Atlas Group Coordinator (West)

Information presented in the manual are based on knowledge available in January 2017.









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ATLAS PLUS is a flexible adhesive most popular for professionals. It is confirmed by millions of square meters of tiles laid on different substrates with the use of this adhesive. It is appreciated because of high bonding strength, flexibility as well as of firmness and reliability. It meets the highest Polish and European standards.

Highly flexible adhesives ATLA PLUS and ATLAS PLUS WHITE has S1 class of deformability that means resistance to deformation up to 5 mm. It allows to apply the adhesives on difficult substrates such as plasterboards, OSB, wooden ceilings. It ensures firm and lasting cladding in bathrooms, kitchens, on terraces, balconies, façades and even in home swimming-pools.

ATLAS PLUS – FIRM, RELIABLE, FLEXIBLE!



When the substrate works like this page.

TABLE 1.1 ADHESIVES FOR TILES

		III.S				L	NI NI				
	ATLAS ATUT	ATLAS ELASTIFIED ADHESIVE/ AVAL KM 11 Plus	ATLAS MIG 2	ATLAS STANDARD WHITE	ATLAS ELASTYK/ AVAL KM 16	ATLAS GEOFLEX	ATLAS PLUS/ AVAL KM 17	ATLAS PLUS White/ AVAL KM 15	ATLAS PLUS EXPRESS	ATLAS PLUS MEGA	ATLAS PLUS MEGA WHITE
PRODUCT	Adhesive for indoor and outdoor use	General purpose adhesive	Fast setting adhesive	White adhesive	Flexible adhesive	Flexible adhesive	Deformable S1 adhesive	Deformable S1 white adhesive	Deformable S1 fast setting adhesive	Deformable S1 adhesive for large size floor tiles	White, deformable S1 adhesive for large size floor tiles
Reference document Adhesive type and	C1T	C1TE	C1FTE	C1T	PI C2TE	V-EN 12004+A1:2	2012 C2TES1	C2TES1	C2FTES1	C2ES1	C2ES1
class					TECHNICAL	L DATA					
Mixing ratio water/dry mix [l/kg]	0.21-0.24	0.21-0.24	approx. 0.22	0.26-0.28	0.25-0.27	0.26-0.33	0.31-0.33	0.26-0.28	0.21-0.23	0.21-0.24	0.21-0.24
Min/max adhesive thickness [mm] Temperature of	2-10	2-10	2-5	2-10	2-10	2-15	2-10	2-10	2-5	4-20	4-20
application [°C]	5-25	5-25	5-25	5-25	5-25	5-35	5-25	5-25	5-25	5-25	5-25
Maturing time [min] Pot life [h]	5 4	5 4	5	5	5	5 4	5	5 4	5	5	5
Open time [min]	20	30	30	20	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Adjustability	10	10	10	10	10	20	10	10	10	10	10
time [min] Floor access [h]	after ca. 24	after ca. 24	after ca. 4	after ca. 24	after ca. 24	after ca. 12	after ca. 24	after ca. 24	after ca. 4	after ca. 24	after ca. 24
Grouting [h]	after ca. 24	after ca. 24	after ca. 4	after ca. 24	after ca. 24	after ca. 12	after ca. 24	after ca. 24	after ca. 4	after ca. 24	after ca. 24
Full load	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days TYPE OF SUE	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days	after ca. 3 days
Cement or gypsum plasters or screeds	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	only on screeds	only on screeds
Damp proofing											
					\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
course OSB, chip boards, plywood					√	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	√	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
course OSB, chip boards,					√ √			_		•	√ √
OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with						√	✓	√		•	✓ ✓
ocurse OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed						√ ✓	√ ✓	√		√	,
course OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16					✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	√ ✓	√		√	·
OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16					TYPE OF TILES T	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ O BE FIXED	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	√ √ √	√ √ √	✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓
OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	√ ✓	√ √ √		√	,
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OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16				_	TYPE OF TILES T	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ O BE FIXED	✓ ✓ ✓	√ √ √	√ √ √ √	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓
course OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Glazing tiles/ terracotta Gres-porcelain		√	√	√	TYPE OF TILES T	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ O BE FIXED ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
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course OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Glazing tiles/ terracotta Gres-porcelain Clinker Mosaic Absorbable stone		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	√ √ √	TYPE OF TILES T	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ OBEFIXED ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ×**	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ×**	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
course OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Glazing tiles/ terracotta Gres-porcelain Clinker Mosaic Absorbable stone		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	√ √ √	TYPE OF TILES T	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ OBEFIXED ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
course OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Glazing tiles/ terracotta Gres-porcelain Clinker Mosaic Absorbable stone tiles, polished gres Floor heating Terraces/balconies		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	√ √ √	TYPE OF TILES T	O BE FIXED CONDITIONS	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ×**	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ×**	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
Oss, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Glazing tiles/ terracotta Gres-porcelain Clinker Mosaic Absorbable stone tiles, polished gres		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	√ √ √	TYPE OF TILES T	O BE FIXED CONDITIONS	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
course OSB, chip boards, plywood (require priming) Plasterboards, cement-fibre boards Terrazzo primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Old tiles primed with Cerplast/Aval KT 16 Glazing tiles/ terracotta Gres-porcelain Clinker Mosaic Absorbable stone tiles, polished gres Floor heating Terraces/balconies Bath- and shower-		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	√ √ √	TYPE OF TILES T	O BE FIXED CONDITIONS *	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓

^{*} S1 adhesive is recommended for terraces ** if in doubt conduct an application test

PRODUCT	7	8	E A STATE OF THE S	EXTENSION NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVICE AND S	AILAS ZAPRAWA	\$
	ATL	AS ARTIS GROUT	ATLAS DECORATIVE GROUT	ATLAS GROUT/ AVAL EXTRA GROUT	ATLAS WIDE GROUT	ATLAS EPOXY GROUT
	Fine	aggregate grout	Decorative grout with glitter effect	Fine aggregate cement grout	Coarse aggregate cement grout	Two-component grout
Reference document:				PN-EN 13888:2010		
Grout class		CG2 WA	CG2 WA	CG2 WA	CG2 WA	RG
			TECHNICAL I	DATA		
Mixing ratio water/dry mix [l/kg]		0.21-0.22	0.22-0.24	0.28-0.29	approx. 0.25	n/a
Min/max joint thickness [mm]		1-25	1-15	1-7	4-16	1-10
Temperature during application [°C]		5-35	5-35	5-25	5-25	10-25
Pot life [min]		40	120	120	120	45
Initial cleaning [min]		30	30	10	10	5
Final cleaning [min]		180	180	30	20	20
Foot traffic [h]		3	24	24	24	24
Full load [days]		1	1	1	1	7
Full chemical resistance [days]		-	-	-	-	7
Improved colour durability		✓	✓	✓		✓
Pearl Effect		\checkmark	✓	✓		
Myco Protect		\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓
Bio Barrier		\checkmark		✓		
Colours		40	5	44	7	12
PRODUCT			ARTIS CE	THE PARTY OF THE P		O EXLEY O
2.6		SILICONI	E ATLAS ARTIS	SILICONE ATLAS SILTON	S S	ILICONE AVAL EXTRA
Reference do	ocument			PN-EN 15651-1:2013 PN-EN 15651-2:2013 PN-EN 15651-3:2013		
Hardenin			acetate	acetate		acetate
and ambient temperature during v			5-40	5-40		5-40
Temperature resistance after harder Max. joint dep		from -	-50 to +180 14	from -50 to +180		from -50 to +180 14
Joint wid	th [mm]		4-25	4-25		4-25
	ife [min] raffic [h]		3	15 3		15 3
	load [h]		24	24		24
Improved colour d	urability		✓			
Мусс	o Protect		✓	✓		✓
	Colours	38+	transparent	38 + transparent		38 + transparent

 TABLE 1.3
 WATER- AND DAMP PROOFING

PRODUCT	ATLAS WODER DUO	ATLAS WODER E/ AVAL KL 51	ATLAS WODER W	ATLAS WODER S
	Two-component waterproofing	Watertight flexible foil	Flexible, one-component damp proofing	Watertight cement mortar
Reference document	PN-EN 14891:2012 CM P	AT-15-5032/2013	AT-15-7990/2014	AT-15-5031/2013
	Ţ	ECHNICAL DATA		
Min/max coat thickness [mm]	1-3	1-5	1-5	1-3
Open time [min]	30	30	30	30
Pot life [min]	60	whole shelf life period	whole shelf life period	120
Application of the second coat after [h]	3	3	3	5
Top coat application [h]	12	24	24	24
Resistance to pressurized water [head of water in m]	50	not resistant	not resistant	50
Loading with pressurized water [days]	7	not resistant	not resistant	7
Cracks bridging up to [mm]	≥0.75	-	-	-
Vapour permeability resistance coefficient μ	500	1000	600	500
		APPLICATION		
Indoors	✓	✓	✓	✓
Outdoors	✓	✓		✓
	US	AGE CONDITIONS		
Foundations, cellar walls	✓			✓
Floor/wall heating	✓	✓	✓	✓
Water reservoirs, pools	✓			✓
Terraces, balconies	✓	√ *		✓
	TYF	PE OF SUBSTRATE		
Cement and concrete screeds, cement-lime renders, concrete, cellular concrete, silicates	✓	✓	✓	✓
Anhydrite screeds, gypsum plasters		✓	✓	
Plasterboards, OSB boards	✓	✓	✓	
Galvanized metal sheets	✓	✓		
	IN	SULATION TYPE		
Light	✓	√	✓	✓
Medium	✓	✓		✓
Heavy	✓			✓

^{*} ATLAS WODER DUO is recommended for terraces

PRODUCT	INI-CRENT	III OF THE COURT	Grunt	DINNIS PLAT
	ATLAS UNI-GRUNT/ AVAL KT 17	ATLAS UNI-GRUNT PLUS/ AVAL KN 97	ATLAS OPTIGRUNT	ATLAS GRUNTO-PLAST
	Fast drying priming emulsion	Deep-penetrating priming emulsion	General-use priming emulsion	Adhesion layer for difficult substrates
Reference document	tł	Primers and impregnators are not ney are not covered by standards and t	classified as construction materials, therefore require no technical approvals	s.
		TECHNICAL DATA		
Density [g/cm³]	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5
Way of application	roller/brush	roller/brush	roller/brush	roller/brush
Substrate temperature and temperature during work [°C]	5-25	5-25	5-25	5-30
Consumption [kg/m²]	0.05-0.20	0.05-0.20	0.05-0.20	0.3
Further works since priming [h]	2	4	2	24
		SAMPLE SUBSTRATES		
Bricks, ceramic hollow blocks, cellular concrete, silicates	✓		✓	
Cement, cement-lime and gypsum plasters, plasterboards	✓		✓	
Old cement screeds	✓	\checkmark		
Anhydrite screeds	✓	\checkmark		
Concrete screeds	✓			✓
Formwork concrete				✓
OSB boards				✓
Terrazzo				✓
Old ceramic tiles				✓

1.1 DETERMINING THE WET ZONES IN A BATHROOM



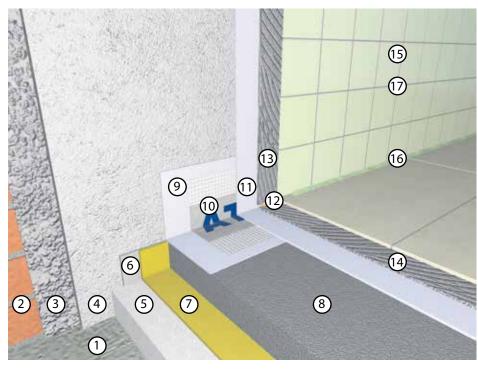
A - wet zone

B - damp zone

Note:

In small bathrooms, for example in multifamily buildings, it is recommended to treat the entire bathroom as a wet zone.

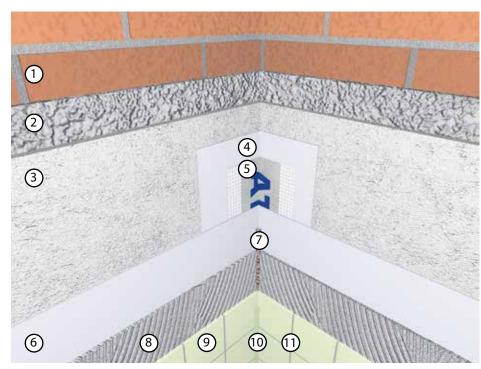
1.2 SEALING THE JOINT BETWEEN WALL AND FLOOR IN A BATHROOM



- 1. Concrete ceiling
- 2. Wall
- 3. ATLAS CEMENT BASE COAT
- 4. ATLAS PLASTERING MIX
- 5. ACOUSTIC/THERMAL insulation
- 6. FLOOR EXPANSION JOINT PROFILE
- 7. PE foil
- 8. ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80 cement screed
- 9. ATLAS WODER E/AVAL KL 51 or ATLAS WODER W damp proofing under tiles
- 10. ATLAS SEALING TAPE/ AVAL KL 152
- 11. ATLAS WODER E/AVAL KL 51 or ATLAS WODER W damp proofing under tiles
- 12. ATLAS BACKER ROD
- 13. ATLAS PLUS/AVAL KM 17 adhesive
- 14. ATLAS PLUS MEGA adhesive
- 15. Ceramic, gres tiles
- 16. ATLAS ARTIS SILICONE
- 17. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT 1-25 mm

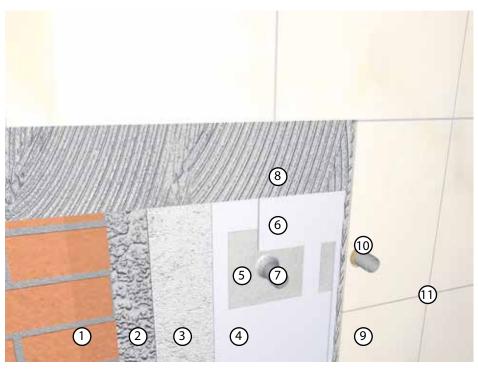
DRAWINGS

1.3 SEALING THE INNER CORNER IN A BATHROOM



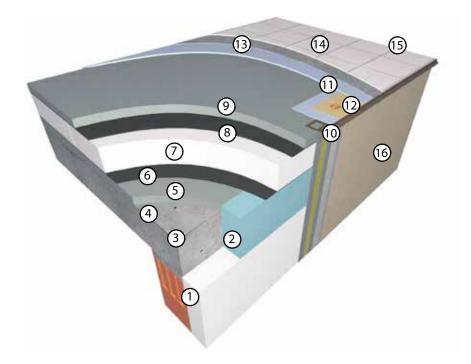
- 1. Wall
- 2. ATLAS CEMENT BASE COAT
- 3. ATLAS PLASTERING MIX
- 4. ATLAS WODER E/AVAL KL 51 or ATLAS WODER W damp proofing under tiles
- 5. ATLAS SEALING TAPE/AVAL KL 152
- 6. ATLAS WODER E/AVAL KL 51 or ATLAS WODER W damp proofing under tiles
- 7. ATLAS BACKER ROD
- 8. ATLAS PLUS/AVAL KM 17 adhesive
- 9. Ceramic, gres tiles
- 10. ATLAS ARTIS SILICONE
- 11. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT 1-25 mm

1.4 SEALING THE WATERPIPE IN A WALL IN A BATHROOM



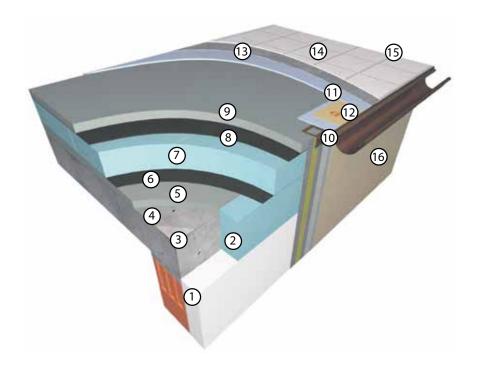
- 1. Wall
- 2. ATLAS CEMENT BASE COAT
- 3. ATLAS PLASTERING MIX
- 4. ATLAS WODER E/AVAL KL 51 or ATLAS WODER W damp proofing under tiles
- 5. ATLAS SEALING TAPE/ AVAL KL 152
- 6. ATLAS WODER E/AVAL KL 51 or ATLAS WODER W damp proofing under tiles
- 7. Waterpipe
- 8. ATLAS PLUS/AVAL KM 17 adhesive
- 9. Ceramic, gres tiles
- 10. ATLAS ARTIS SILICONE
- 11. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT 1-25 mm

1.5 LAYERS OF TERRACE ABOVE THE HEATED ROOM WITH THE EPS THERMAL INSULATION



- 1. EPS 70 boards
- 2. EPS 200 boards
- 3. Concrete floor
- 4. Contact layer: water + ATLAS ELASTIC EMULSION + ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80
- 5. ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80 cement screed
- 6. Vapour barrier: ATLAS GENERAL-PURPOSE BITUMINOUS COMPOUND + ATLAS SMB self-adhesive bituminous membrane
- 7. Thermal insulation: min. EPS 200 boards
- 8. Waterproofing, e.g. 2 x heat-welded membrane
- 9. ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80 cement screed
- 10. ATLAS 100 eaves profile
- 11. ATLAS WODER DUO under tile damp proofing
- 12. ATLAS HYDROBAND 3G sealing tape
- 13. ATLAS PLUS MEGA adhesive
- 14. Ceramic, gres tiles
- 15. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT 1-25 mm
- 16. Base coat layer and thin-coat render layer of ATLAS INSULATION SYSTEM

1.6 LAYERS OF TERRACE ABOVE THE HEATED ROOM WITH THE XPS THERMAL INSULATION



- 1. EPS 70 boards
- 2. XPS boards
- 3. Concrete floor
- 4. Contact layer: water + ATLAS ELASTIC EMULSION + ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80
- 5. ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80 cement screed
- 6. Vapour barrier: ATLAS GENERAL-PURPOSE BITUMINOUS COMPOUND + ATLAS SMB self-adhesive bituminous membrane
- 7. Thermal insulation: XPS boards
- 8. Protecting layer: PE foil
- 9. ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80 cement screed
- 10. ATLAS 150 eaves profile
- 11. ATLAS WODER DUO under tile damp proofing
- 12. ATLAS HYDROBAND 3G sealing tape
- 13. ATLAS PLUS MEGA adhesive
- 14. Ceramic, gres tiles
- 15. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT 1-25 mm
- 16. Base coat layer and thin-coat render layer of ATLAS INSULATION SYSTEM

SELF-LEVELING SCREEDS TABLE 2.1

PRODUCT	ATLAS SAM 55 Fast setting, self-leveling compound	ATLAS SAM 100/ AVAL KN 10 Fast setting, self-leveling screed	ATLAS SAM 150 Fast setting, self-leveling screed	ATLAS SAM 200 Self-leveling screed	ATLAS SWS/ ATLAS SAM 500 Fast setting, self-leveling screed	ATLAS SMS 15 Fast setting, self-leveling compound	ATLAS SMS 30 Fast setting, self-leveling screed
Reference document				PN-EN 13813:2003			
Classification	CA-C30-F5	CA-C35-F6	CA-C20-F5	CA-C16-F5	CA-C20-F4	CT-C25-F7	CT-C30-F7
			TECHNICAL DATA	A			
Self-spreading	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Layer thickness [mm]	1-10	5-30	15-60	25-60	20-60	1-15	3-30
Mixing ratio water/dry mix [I/ 25 kg]	5.0-6.25	5.0-5.5	4.0 - 4.75	4.25-4.75	5.00-5.25	5.0-5.25	5.00-5.50
Consumption for 1 cm thickness [kg/m²]	18	20	20	20	18	16.6	16.5
Compressive strength [N/mm²]	≥30	≥35	≥20	≥16	≥20	≥25	≥30
Flexural strength [N/mm²]	≥5	≥6	≥5	≥5	≥4	≥7	≥7
Abrasion resistance acc. to Bohm method							
Linear contraction [%]	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.05	<0.06	< 0.06
Foot traffic [h]	6	6	6	48	6	4	4
Tiles fixing [days]	3	14-21	21-28	21-28	21-28	1	1
Parquet fixing [days]]		21-28				7	7
Installation of panels or carpet flooring [days]	7-10	21-28	21-28	21-28	21-28	7	7
Start of heating (in screeds with heating) [days]			28	28	7		
Manual application	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	√	√
Machine application (mixing-and-pumping units)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
			SCREED TYPE				
Bonded	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
On separation layer			✓	✓	✓		
Floating			✓	✓	✓		
With heating system			✓	✓	✓		
			USE IN FLOOR STRUC	TURE			
Smoothing layer	✓	✓				✓	✓
			PLACE OF APPLICAT	TION			
Indoors - dry	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Indoors - wet						✓	\checkmark

TABLE 2.1.2

PRODUCT	ATLAS POSTAR 10 Traditional cement floor	ATLAS POSTAR 20 Fast drying cement screed	ATLAS POSTAR 40 Cement floor	ATLAS POSTAR 80 Fast-setting cement floor	ATLAS POSTAR 100 Self-spreading cement floor
Reference document			PN-EN 13813:2003		
	AT-15-9621/2016	AT-15-8432/2010 + Annex 1	AT-15-6972/2012	AT-15-8462/2010 + Annex 1	AT-15-6971/2012
Classification	CT-C25-F5-A15	CT-C20-F4	CT-C30-F6-A22	CT-C40-F7-A12	CT-C50-F7-A15
		TECHNICAL	DATA		
Self-spreading					√
Thickness [mm]	10-100	10-80	10-80	10-80	10-80
Mixing ratio water/dry mix [l/ 25 kg]	2.25-3.00	2.75	2.00-3.75	2.00	3.25-3.75
Consumption for 1 cm thickness [kg/m²]	20	20	20	20	20
Compressive strength [N/mm²]	≥25	≥20	≥30	≥40	≥50
Flexural strength [N/mm²]	≥5	≥4	≥6	≥7	≥7
Böhme abrasion resistance - class	A15		A22	A12	A15
Linear contraction [%]	<0.06	<0.06	<0.08	<0.06	<0.06
Floor access/ foot traffic [h]	24	24	24	3	24
Fixing the tiles [days]	14	1	21-28	1	21-28
Parquet installation [days]	21-28		21-28	7	21
Installation of panels or carpets [days]	21-28	14	21-28	7	21-28
Application of epoxy coat [days]	21-28		21-28	7	21-28
Start of heating (for screeds with heating) [days]	7	7	7	7	7
Manual application	√	✓	√	√	√
Machine application					✓
		SCREED TY	PE .		
Bonded	✓	✓	✓	√	✓
On separation layer	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Floating	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
With heating system	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓
		USE IN FLOOR ST	RUCTURE		
Top floor	✓		✓	✓	✓
		PLACE OF APPL	ICATION		
Indoors - dry	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Indoors - wet	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Outdoors	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark

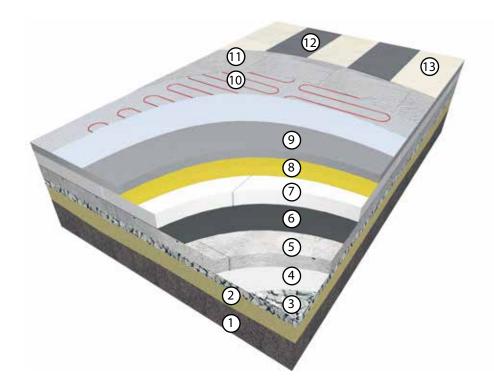
PRODUCT	ATLAS ZW 50 General-use leveling mortar	ATLAS ZW 330 * Fast-setting leveling mortar	ATLAS MONTER T-5 Fast-setting assembly mortar	ATLAS MONTER T -15 Fast-setting assembly mortar	ATLAS TEN -10 Fast-setting cement mortar
		PN-EN 998-1:2012 PN-EN 13813:2003			PN-EN-13813:2003
Reference document		AT-15-9437/2015	AT-15-8722/2011	AT-15-4332/2011 +Annex 1	AT-15-4411/2011 + Annex 1
		TECHNICAL	DATA		
Mixing ratio water/dry mix [l/kg]	0.14-0.17	0.17-0.22	ca. 0.25	0.12-0.13	0.12-0.15
Pot life [min]	120	120	5	15	40
Open time [min]	20	20	5	15	40
Min/max. thickness [mm]	3/50	3/30**	1/25***	20/50	5/30
Bonding [N/mm ²]	≥ 0.3	≥ 0.6	≥ 2.0	≥ 1.2	≥ 0.5
Compressive strength [N/mm²]	25.0	≥ 20.0	after 6h > 10.0 after 24h > 25.0 after 28 days - 60	after 24h > 25.0 after 28 days > 60	40.0
Flexural strength [N/mm²]	5.0	≥ 4.0	after 6h > 2.0 after 24h > 4.0 after 28 days — 9.0	after 24h > 3.5 after 28 days > 9.0	7.0
Tile fixing/further works [h]	12 (thick. 5 mm)	5 (thick. 5 mm)	6	6	24
Floor access/use [h]	12	8	0.5	0.5	3
		PLACE OF APP	LICATION		
Walls outdoors and indoors	✓	✓	✓		\checkmark
Floors outdoors and indoors	✓	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark
		TYPE OF APPL	ICATION		
Repairs of small local surfaces	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Repairs of large floor surfaces	✓	✓			\checkmark
Elements assembling			✓	✓	
		TYPE OF SURFACE DAMA	GE TO BE REPAIRED		
Cracking	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Deeper cavities		✓	✓	✓	✓

Product can be used to execute screeds
 In order to obtain thicker layer from 31 to 60 mm, add quartz sand (grain size up to 2 mm) in weight ratio 1:4 (sand : dry mix)
 In case of thickness above 25 mm, mix MONTER T-5 with quartz sand in 1:1 ratio

PRODUCT	ATLAS ADHER	ATLAS FILER	ATLAS ENDER
Reference document	AILAS AUTIEN	PN-EN 1504-3:2006	ATLAS ENDER
			F 11 .
Function of system element	Contact coat	Repair layer	Finish coat
	TECHNICAL DATA		
Mixing ratio water/dry mix [l/ 25 kg]	8.0-8.75	2.5-3.25	4.0-4.5
Layer thickness [mm]	1,0	10-50	3-10
Pot life [min]	120	60	60
Open time [min]	15	10	15
Temperature of mortar preparation and application [°C]	5-25	5-25	5-25
Time period after execution of the previous stage of work		Immediately after application of ATLAS ADHER contact coat	After 24 hours since application of ATLAS FILER leveling layer
Bonding to concrete [MPa]	≥ 0,8	≥ 0,8	≥ 0,8
Compressive strength	R1 class	R2 class	R2 class
Floor access/use [h]		24	24
Load (days)		14	14
Examples of use	Ceilings, ferroconcrete posts, const ferro	ruction slabs of terraces and balconies, re oconcrete slabs and platforms of flight of	taining walls, ferroconcrete beams, stairs

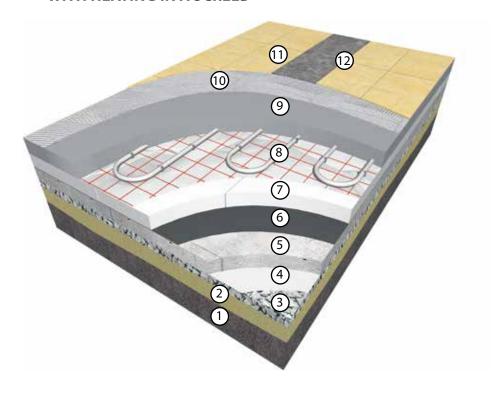
DRAWINGS

2.1 FLOOR ON GROUND IN A "WET ROOM" WITH ELECTRIC HEATING



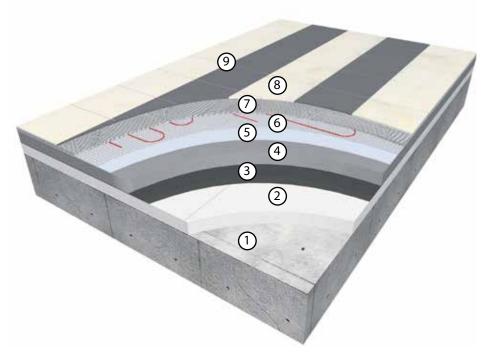
- 1. Subsoil
- 2. Leveling subcrust of sand
- 3. Filtration layer of gravel
- 4. Geotextile or dimpled membrane
- 5. Concrete or ferroconcrete slab
- 6. IZOHAN IZOBUD WL primer (diluted with water in 1:1 ratio)
- + IZOHAN IZOBUD WM damp proofing
- 7. Thermal or acoustic insulation
- 8. PE foil
- 9. ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80 screed
- 10. Heating mat embedded in an adhesive
- 11. ATLAS PLUS MEGA adhesive
- 12. Ceramic or gres tiles
- 13. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT

2.2 FLOOR ON GROUND IN A "DRY ROOM" WITH HEATING IN A SCREED



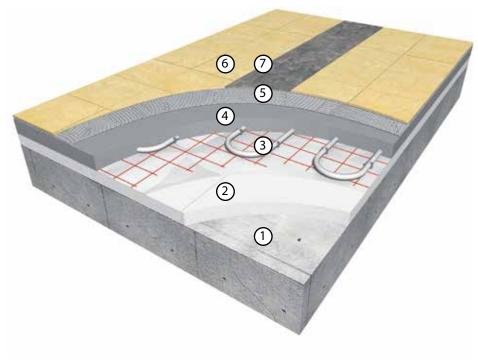
- 1. Subsoil
- 2. Leveling subcrust of sand
- 3. Filtration layer of gravel
- 4. Geotextile or dimpled membrane
- 5. Concrete or ferroconcrete slab
- 6. IZOHAN IZOBUD WL primer (diluted with water in 1:1 ratio)
- + IZOHAN IZOBUD WM damp proofing
- 7. Thermal or acoustic insulation
- 8. Heating system embedded in rough floor executed on foil
- 9. ATLAS SWS or ATLAS SAM 200 screed
- 10. ATLAS PLUS MEGA adhesive
- 11. Ceramic or gres tiles
- 12. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT

2.3 FLOOR ON A CEILING SLAB IN A "WET ROOM" WITH ELECTRIC HEATING



- 1. Concrete ceiling
- 2. Thermal insulation
- 3. PE foil
- 4. ATLAS POSTAR 20 or ATLAS POSTAR 80 screed
- 5. ATLAS WODER DUO under- tile damp proofing
- 6. Heating mat embedded in an adhesive
- 7. ATLAS PLUS MEGA adhesive
- 8. Stoneware, large size floor tiles
- 9. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT

2.4 FLOOR ON A CEILING SLAB IN A "DRY ROOM" WITH HEATING IN A SCREED



- 1. Concrete ceiling
- 2. Thermal/acoustic insulation
- 3. Heating system embedded in rough floor executed on foil
- 4. ATLAS SAM 500 or ATLAS SAM 200 screed
- 5. ATLAS PLUS MEGA adhesive
- 6. Stoneware, large size floor tiles
- 7. ATLAS ARTIS GROUT

FAST-SETTING SELF-LEVELING



UNDER TILES, CARPETS AND PARQUET





TABLE 3.1 MASONRY MORTARS

PRODUCT	ATLAS MASONRY MORTAR Traditional masonry mortar	MASONRY MORTAR ATLAS M10 Traditional masonry mortar	ATLAS KB-15 Masonry mortar for cellular concrete	ATLAS MASONRY MORTAR FOR CLINKER Masonry mortar with trass	ATLAS SILMUR Masonry mortars for silicate elements
Reference document			PN-EN 998-2:2012		
		TECHNICAL DATA			
Mortar type*	G	G	Ţ	G	T
Mixing ratio water/dry mix	3-3.5	3-3.5	5.25-6.0	bricklaying: 3.25-3.75 grouting: 2.5	5.0-6.0
Joint width [mm]	6-40	6-40	2-10	6-40	2-10
Compressive strength [N/mm²]	≥ 5.0	≥ 10.0	≥ 5.0	≥ 5.0	from ≥ 5 up to ≥ 15
Pot life [h]	4	4	4	3	4
Colour	grey	grey	grey	grey, dark grey, dark brown, beige, graphite, brick red, anthracite - black	grey or white
Mortar preparation and application temperature [°C]	5-30	5-30	5-30	5-30	5-30 0-30**
		TYPE OF MASONRY ELEMENTS			
Ceramic	✓	✓			
Clinker				✓	
Lime-sand	✓	✓			✓
Concrete	✓	✓			
Cellular concrete	✓	✓	✓		√ ***
		USE			
Thick joint bricklaying	✓	✓		✓	
Thin joint bricklaying			✓		✓
Grouting				✓	

^{*} G – general use, T – for thin joints ** applies to M15 mortars *** does not apply to M15 mortars

PRODUCT Reference document	ATLAS PLASTERING MIX Traditional cement plaster, category III	ATLAS CEMENT BASE COAT Base coat for 2- and 3-coat plasterwork	ATLAS LIGHT MACHINE-APPLIED PLASTER Cement-lime plaster, category III PN-EN 998-1:2012	ATLAS REKORD White cement top finish	ATLAS REKORD GREY Grey cement top finish
Mortar type*	GP	GP	LW	00	OC
ortal type	u.		CAL DATA		
Mixing ratio water/dry mix	3.25-4.0 l/25 kg	6.5 l/30 kg	6.0-7.8 l/30 kg	7.0-8.0 l/25 kg	7.0-8.0 l/25 kg
Coat thickness [mm]	6-30	4	5-30	1-10	1-10
Pot life [h]	4	2	2	2	2
Consumption [kg/m²]	20 / 10 mm thickness	8 / 4 mm thickness	14 / 10 mm thickness	15 / 10 mm thickness	15/10 mm thickness
Mortar function	plaster	base coat	plaster	top finish	top finish
Colour	grey	grey	grey	white	grey
		FORM OF A	APPLICATION		
Manual	✓	✓		\checkmark	✓
Machine	√ **	√	✓		
		PLACE	OF USE		
Indoors	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Outdoors	✓	✓		✓	✓
		SUBSTR	АТЕ ТҮРЕ		
Ceramic	✓	✓	✓		
Cellular concrete	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Silicate	✓	✓	✓	√	✓
Concrete	✓	√	✓	✓	✓

^{*} plastering mixes are classified according to PN-EN 998-1:2012 standard

The most important division according to the standard is the classification based on properties and form of application. Therefore we can list the following plastering mixes:

GP – general purpose

LW – light

OC – single coat for indoor use

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ machine applied plastering mix is custom made, and the bags are labeled with the letter M

NAME	ATLAS/	ATLAS	ATLAS XPS	ATLAS RENOTER	ATLAS CERAMIK	ATLAS ROKER/		ATLAS ROKER G	
NAME	AVAL	ETICS	AILAJ AI J	AILAS ILINOILII	ATEAS CENAMIN	AVAL ROKER	TYPE I	TYPE II	TYPE III
Reference document	ETA-06/0081 ETA-06/0187	AT-15-9090/2014	ETA-07/0316	AT-15-8477/2010	AT-15-8592/2011	ETA-06/0173 ETA-06/0281		AT-15-7314/2011	
	ı		IN	SULATION LAYER	ı				
EPS	✓	✓		✓	✓				
XPS			✓		✓				
Mineral wool						✓	✓	✓	
Lamella mineral wool						\checkmark	✓	✓	
Beveled lamella mineral wool									✓
	(•) M	ORTAR FOR INSUALTI	ON FIXING (MORTAR FOR INSUL <i>i</i>	ATION FIXING AND BA	ASE COAT EXECUTION			
STOPTER K-10	•	•	•						
STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85	••	••	••	••	••				
STOPTER K-50		••				••			
HOTER S/ AVAL KT 53	•	•	•						
HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55	••	••	••	••	••				
ROKER W-10						•			•
ROKER W-20/ AVAL KT 190						••	••	••	•
			BA	SE COAT — MESH					
Single	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Double	✓ *				✓				
Without mesh									✓
		FINISH	ING COAT — THIN-CO	AT RENDER, FAÇADE	PAINT, CERAMIC TILE				
Mineral render	✓	✓	√	✓		✓		√	√
Acrylic render	√	√	√	√					
Silicate render	√	√	√	√		√		√	
Silicone render	√	√	✓	√		√		√	
Acrylic-silicone render		√							
Silicone-silicate render		√				✓			
Façade paint							√		
Ceramic tiles					✓				
			LIMITATION OF	USE DUE TO BUILDIN					
Height up to:		(heck local regulation			No limits		Not applicable	
Use	Insulation of all types of buildings	Insulation of all types of buildings	All types of buildings and places vulnerable to mechanical damage	Renovation of existing insulations	Façades of particular utility requirements	Buildings of special fire and acoustic requirements	U pas	nderground garag sages under build	es, ings

PRODUCT	ATLAS STOPTER K-50	ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85	ATLAS STOPTER K-10	ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55	ATLAS HOTER S/ AVAL KT 53	ATLAS ROKER W-20/ AVAL KT 190	ATLAS ROKER W-10
Reference document	AT-15-8512/2010	AT-15-3092/2013	AT-15-1857/2013	AT-15-6347/2014 AT-15-9090/2014	AT-15-6348/2014	AT-15-2927/2014	AT-15-7314/2011
			TECHNICAL DAT				
Mixing ratio water/dry mix [l/kg]	5.0-5.5	5.0-5.5	5.0-5.5	5.0-5.5	5.0-5.5	5.0-6.25	5.5-6.25
Pot life [h]	4	4	3	4	3	2	4
Open time [min]	25	25	25	25	25	30	25
Bonding to polystyrene* [MPa]	≥ 0.1	≥ 0.08	≥ 0.08	≥ 0.08	≥ 0.08		
Bonding to mineral wool* [MPa]	≥ 0.08					≥ 0.08	≥ 0.08
Bonding to concrete* [MPa]	≥ 0.25	≥ 0.25	≥ 0.25	≥ 0.25	≥ 0.25	≥ 0.25	≥ 0.3
Consumption [kg/m²] — boarding	polystyrene 4.0-5.0 mineral wool 4.5-5.5	4.0-5.0	4.0-5.0	4.0-5.0	4.0-5.0	4.5-5.5	4.5-5.5
Consumption [kg/m²] — base coat	polystyrene 3.0-3.5 mineral wool 5.5-6.5	3.0-3.5		3.0-3.5		5.5-6.5	
Temperature of application [°C]	5-30	0-25	5-30	5-25	5-30	5-25	5-25
Colour of base coat	white	grey	grey	grey white	grey	grey	grey
		AD	HESIVE USE IN THE INSUL	ATION SYSTEM			
Boarding	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Boarding and base coat	✓	✓		✓		✓	
	TYPE OF INSULATION						
EPS	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓		
XPS		✓	✓	✓	✓		
Mineral wool	✓					✓	✓

^{*} in air-dry state

	ATLAS DEKO M AVAL KT 77			Acrylic resin	Cerplast/ AVAL KT 16	mosaic	60 – ready-to-use 84 – TM1 20 – TM3	1.0-2.0 - ready-to-use 0.2-08 – TM1	3.0-5.5* - ready-to-use and TM3 1.5-2.5* - TM1				>					
•	ATLAS SILICONE-SILICATE RENDER		e mix	Styrene-acrylic resin, potassium silicate	Silkon ANX/ AVAL KT 76	spotted	400	1.5/N-15 2.0/N-20	2.5 for 1.5 mm 3.0 for 2.0 mm	ı	ı		>	*				
•	ATLAS/AVAL SILICONE RENDER	PN-EN 15824:2010	Dispersion ready-to-use mix	Styrene-acrylic and silicone resin	Silkon ANX/ AVAL KT 76	spotted	400	1.5/N-15 2.0/N-20	2.5 for 1.5 mm 3.2 for 2.0 mm	,	ı		>	*				
•	ATLAS/AVAL ACRYLIC-SILICONE RENDER			Styrene-acrylic and silicone resin	Cerplast/ AVAL KT 16	spotted	400	1.5	2.5	,	1		>	*				
•	ATLAS/AVAL ACRYLIC RENDER			Styrene-acrylic resin	Cerplast/ AVAL KT 16	spotted	400	1.5/N-15 2.0/N-20	2.5 for 1.5 mm 3.0 for 2.0 mm	,	,		>	*				
SE S	ATLAS CERMIT PS					sandstone	1 (sandy)	1.0	2.0-2.5	5.0-5.5	1.5	USE	>	>				
	ATLAS CERMIT WN									wood-like	***	1.0	2.5-3.0	5.25-6.00	1.0		>	
	ATLAS CERMIT ND	PN-EN 998-1:2012	Mineral dry mixtures	Cement	Cerplast/ AVAL KT 16	spotted	1 (white)	2.0	2.8	6.25	1.5		>					
	ATLAS CERMIT SN-MAL		2						spotted	1 (white)	1.5/SN-MAL 15 2.5/SN-MAL 25	2.5 for 1.5 mm 3.5-4.0 for 2.5 mm	5.0-6.25/SN-MAL15 4.5-5.5/SN-MAL 25	1.5		>	*	
SERVICE	ATLAS CERMIT SN/DR AVAL KT 137					spotted/rustic	1 (white)	1.5/spotted 2.0/spotted/rustic 3.0/spotted/rustic	2.5 for 1.5 mm 3.0 for 2.0 mm 4.0 for 3.0 mm	5.75-6.50/spotted 5.0-6.0/rustic	1.5		>	*				
PRODUCT		Reference document	Render type	Binder	Priming mass	Texture	Colours	Max. aggregate grain size [mm]	Consumption [kg/m²]	Mixing ratio [1/25kg]	Pot life		Manual	Machine				

* The actual consumption can be established on basis of sample application upon particular substrate.
** Mineral renders CERMIT SN 1.5 mm and 2.0 mm, dispersion renders 1.5 mm thick can be applied with machines only. The machine-applied render forms texture differing from the one formed manually.
*** After coating with ATLAS BELCA impregnator.

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FAÇADE PAINTS TABLE 4.4

PRODUCT	D SALTA	State 2	**************************************
	ATLAS SALTA E	ATLAS SALTA S	ATLAS SALTA/ AVAL KT 46
Reference document	Paints are co	overed with technical approvals for the thermal insula	tion systems
Type of paint	Acrylic	Silicate	Silicone modified
Number of colours	400	352	400
		TECHNICAL DATA	
Primer	Not required	ARKOL SX	Not required
Density [kg/dm³]	1.5	1.5	1.4
Temperature during application and substrate temperature [°C]	5-30	5-25	5-30
Drying time [h]	2-4	2-6	2-6
Next coat application after [h]	6	6	6
Application on fresh mineral render after min. [days]	28	2	5
Coverage from 1 litre (single application) [m²] *	4-8	3.5-5	4-8
		SUBSTRATE TYPE	
Mineral substrates: concrete, traditional plasters	✓	✓	✓
Thin-coat mineral renders	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Thin-coat acrylic render	✓		✓
Thin-coat acrylic-silicone render	\checkmark		✓
Thin-coat silicone render			✓
Thin-coat silicone-silicate render			✓
Thin-coat silicate render		✓	✓
	FIN	IISHING COAT FOR THERMAL INSULATION	
Insulation system with EPS/XPS	✓	\checkmark	✓
Insulation system with mineral wool		√	✓

^{*} Actual coverage depends on the substrate absorptiveness and the texture of painted surface. We recommend establishing the exact consumption on a test basis.

PRODUCT	ATLAS CERPLAST/ AVAL KT 16*	ATLAS SILKON ANX/ AVAL KT 76
Reference document	Primers are covered with technical appr	ovals for the thermal insulation systems
	TYPE OF RENDER	
Mineral	✓	
Acrylic	✓	
Mosaic (e.g. DEKO M/ KT 77)	✓	
Silicone		✓
Acrylic-silicone	✓	
Silicone-silicate		✓
	TECHNICAL DATA	
Density [g/cm³]	1.5	1.5
Application of render after [h]	4-6	4-6
Temperature during application and substrate temperature [°C]	5-30	5-30
Consumption [kg/m²]	0.3	0.3

Note:

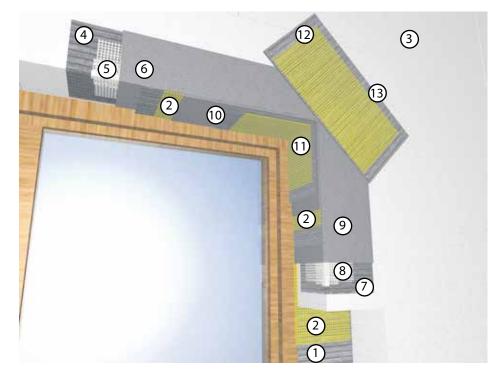
^{*} Product can be applied as contact coat on difficult substrates e.g. OSB boards, old terrazzo.

PRODUCT	ATLAS UNI-GRUNT/ AVAL KT 17	ATLAS ARKOL SX	ATLAS ARKOL NX
Reference document	Primers are covere	ed with technical approvals for the thermal	insulation systems
	TYPE OF FAÇADE F	PAINT	
Acrylic	✓		
Silicate		✓	
Silicone			✓
	TECHNICAL DA	TA	
Density [g/cm³]	1.0	1.0	1.0
Drying time [min]	30	30	30
Temperature of application [°C]	5-25	5-30	5-30
Painting after [h]	2	4	4
Consumption [kg/m²]	0.05-0.2	0.2	0.05-0.2

Note:

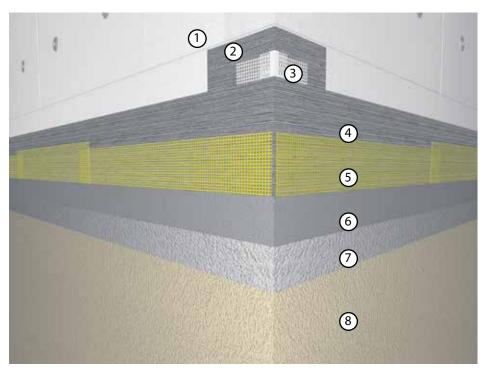
Primers beneath paints are used when unification of substrate absorptiveness is required.

4.1 REINFORCING MESH LAYOUT AT THE REVEAL



- 1. Fixing the mesh:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 2. REINFORCING MESH fixed to the wall and folded on thermal insulation (execution without the window profile)
- 3. Thermal insulation
- 4. Fixing the drip bead: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 5. DRIP BEAD
- 6. Fixing the drip bead:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 after smoothing
- 7. Fixing the corner bead:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 8. CORNER BEAD
- 9. Fixing the corner bead:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 after smoothing
- 10. Fixing the mesh for reveals reinforcement: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 11. REINFORCING MESH reinforcement of reveals
- 12. Fixing the mesh for diagonal reinforcement: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 13. REINFORCING MESH diagonal reinforcement

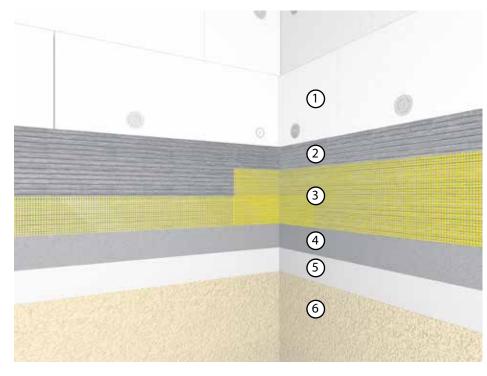
4.2 REINFORCING MESH LAYOUT AT THE OUTER CORNER



- 1. Thermal insulation
- 2. Fixing the corner bead
- 3. CORNER BEAD
- 4. Embedding the reinforcing mesh: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 5. REINFORCING MESH
- 6. Embedding the reinforcing mesh:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive after smoothing
- 7. ATLAS CERPLAST/ AVAL KT 16 or ATLAS SILKON ANX/ AVAL KT 76 priming mass beneath the render
- 8. ATLAS/AVAL RENDERING COAT

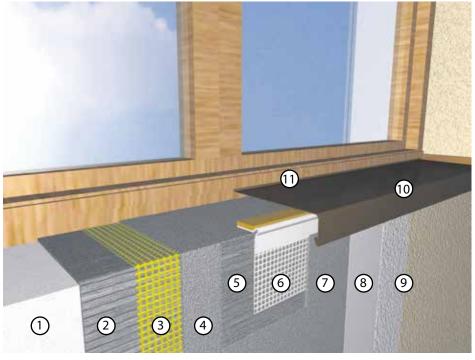
DRAWINGS

4.3 REINFORCING MESH LAYOUT AT THE INNER CORNER



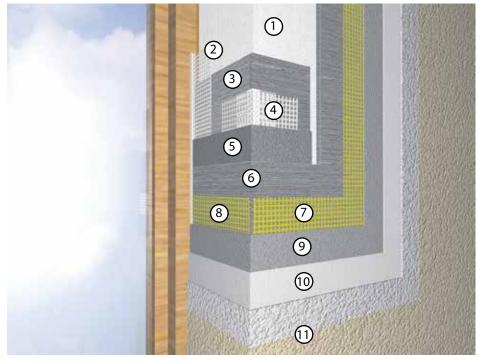
- 1. Thermal insulation
- 2. Embedding the reinforcing mesh: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 3. REINFORCING MESH
- 4. Embedding the reinforcing mesh:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive after smoothing
- 5. ATLAS CERPLAST/ AVAL KT 16 or ATLAS SILKON ANX/ AVAL KT 76 priming mass beneath the render
- 6. ATLAS/AVAL RENDERING COAT

4.4 INSULATION OF THE WINDOW SILL WITH THE FACING WINDOW



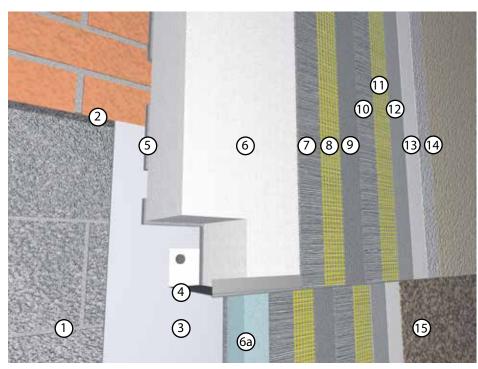
- 1. Thermal insulation
- 2. Embedding the reinforcing mesh: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 3. REINFORCING MESH
- 4. Embedding the reinforcing mesh:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive after smoothing
- 5. Fixing the window sill profile: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 6. WINDOW SILL PROFILE
- 7. Fixing the window sill profile: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive – after smoothing
- 8. ATLAS CERPLAST/ AVAL KT 16 or ATLAS SILKON ANX/ AVAL KT 76 priming mass beneath the render
- 9. ATLAS/AVAL RENDERING COAT
- 10. Window sill
- 11. Silicone ATLAS ARTIS

4.5 INSULATION OF THE REVEAL WITH THE FACING WINDOW



- 1. Thermal insulation
- 2. WINDOW PROFILE
- 3. Fixing the window profile and the corner bead: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 4. CORNER BEAD
- 5. Fixing the window profile and corner bead: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive – after smoothing
- 6. Embedding the reinforcing mesh:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 7. REINFORCING MESH
- 8. REINFORCING MESH reinforcing the reveals
- 9. Embedding the reinforcing mesh:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 after smoothing
- 10. ATLAS CERPLAST/ AVAL KT 16 or ATLAS SILKON ANX/ AVAL KT 76 priming mass beneath the render
- 11. ATLAS/AVAL RENDERING COAT

4.6 INSULATION OF THE PLINTH OF WALL OF EVEN FAÇADE



- 1. Foundation: concrete blocks
- 2. Wall
- 3. damp proofing: ATLAS WODER DUO
- 4. Base track
- 5. Boarding thermal insulation to the wall: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 6. Thermal insulation
- 6a. Thermal insulation of high density EPS or XPS
- 7. Embedding the reinforcing mesh: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 8. REINFORCING MESH reinforcing the plinth area
- 9. Embedding the reinforcing mesh:
 ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER
 K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive after smoothing
- 10. Embedding the reinforcing mesh: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive
- 11. REINFORCING MESH
- 12. Embedding the reinforcing mesh: ATLAS HOTER U/ AVAL KT 55 or ATLAS STOPTER K-20/ AVAL KT 85 adhesive – after smoothing
- ATLAS CERPLAST/ AVAL KT 16 or ATLAS SILKON ANX/ AVAL KT 76 priming mass beneath the render
- 14. ATLAS/AVAL RENDERING COAT
- 15. ATLAS DEKO M/ AVAL KT 77 mosaic render

PRODUCT	ATLAS proFarba	ATLAS optiFarba*	ATLAS ecoFarba	ATLAS BASE COAT PAINT
Reference document	thus		as construction products,	thom
Type of paint	LATEX	LATEX	re is no need to issue technical approvals for ACRYLIC	ACRYLIC
		TECHNICAL DATA		
Densitye [g/cm³]	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
Viscosity [cP]	13,000-16,000	6,000-9,000	6,000-9,000	6,000-9,000
Content of volatile organic compounds (VOC) [g/l]	29.9	1.1	29.9	29.9
Scrub resistance according to PN EN 13 300:2002	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4	not applicable
Water vapour permeability, S _d	< 0.3 m	< 0.3 m	< 0.3 m	-
Thixotropy	yes	no	no	no
Coat appearance	white matt	white matt	white matt	white matt
Hygienic certificate	✓	✓	✓	✓
		PAINTING TOOLS		
Roller	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓
Brush	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓
Spray	✓	✓	✓	✓
		USE		
Investment painting: offices, staircases, utility rooms, etc.	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •
Painting public access buildings: schools, kindergartens, nursing homes, agencies, theatres, sport halls, traffic routes, etc.	• • •	• • •	•	• • •
Painting health service facilities: medical centres, hospitals, surgeries, treatment and emergency rooms	• • •			•
Dry compartments: rooms, antechambers	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •
Wet compartments: bathrooms, kitchens	• • •	• •	•	

^{*} Recommendation of the Polish Allergy Society

•	permissible	
• •	recommended	
• • •	particularly recommended	

^{** - (}for humidity 55% and temperature 23°C +/- 2°C)

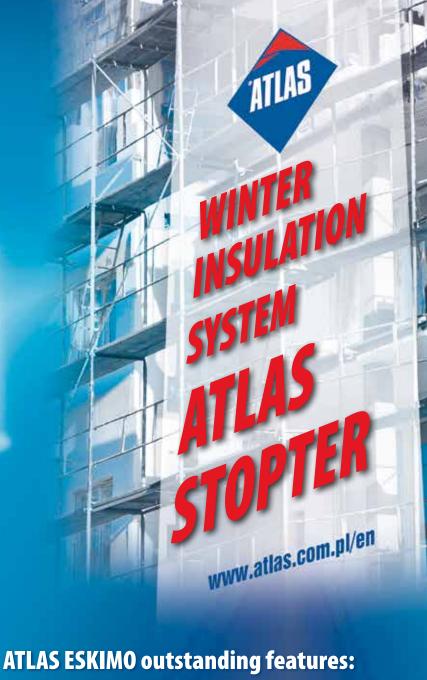
PRODUCT	GIPSAR UNI White gypsum	PLUS GIPSAR Gypsum top finish	ATLAS GIPS OPTIMUS	ATLAS GIPS RAPID Ready-to-use polymer finishing coat	ATLAS GIPS SOLARIS Hand-applied gypsum plaster	ATLAS GIPS BONDER	ATLAS GIPS STONER Jointing compound for filling joints without
Reference document	finishing coat PN-EN 132		PN-EN 998-1:2012	PN-EN 15824:2010	PN-EN 13279-1:2009	PN-EN 14496:2007	tapes PN-EN 13963:2008
			TECHNICAL DAT	A	13279 1.2009	14470.2007	13903.2000
Binder	gypsum and polymer	gypsum and polymer	white cement	resin	gypsum	gypsum	gypsum
Mixing ratio water/dry mix [l/kg]	0.39-0.40	0.35-0.45	0.28-0.32	ready-to-use mass	approx. 0.60	approx. 0.50	approx. 0.50
Pot life [min]	90	60	120	whole shelf life	30	45	60
Bonding [N/mm²]	≥ 0.5	≥ 0.5	≥ 0.5	≥ 0.3	≥ 0.1	≥ 0.06	≥ 0.25
Max. single coat thickness wall/ceiling [mm]	2/2	3/3	5/5	3/3	30/15	20/-	15/15
	1		APPLICATION				
Manual	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Machine		✓		✓			
	ı		USE				
Finishing coats	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Rooms with constant high humidity			✓				
Plasters indoors					✓		
Plasterboards fixing						✓	
Plasterboards jointing							✓
Small gypsum elements fixing						✓	✓
Installation of wiring elements					✓	✓	
Manual grinding	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Machine grinding		✓	✓	✓			





to renders and paints enabling to apply from already 0°C





- enables proceeding insulation works in lower temperature (from already 0°C) and with higher air humidity
- accelerates setting and drying of all ATLAS/AVAL dispersion renders and paints
- resistance to precipitation is achieved already after 6 hours from render applying







Product	THE STATE OF THE S	DELFIN	
	ATLAS SILSTOP	ATLAS DELFIN	
	TYPE OF IMPREGNATED SURFACE		
Absorptive ceramic tiles	•	✓	
Absorptive stone	✓	\checkmark	
Grouts	•	\checkmark	
Construction ceramics	\checkmark	•	
Cellular concrete	✓		
Silicate elements	✓		
Mineral and acrylic renders	✓		

[•] can be used

Product	SZOP	TOP 2011	MYKOS C 2
	ATLAS SZOP	ATLAS SZOP 2000	ATLAS MYKOS
		LEANED DIRT	
Cement	√		
Lime	✓		
Gypsum	✓		
Mineral deposits from water	\checkmark		
Rust	\checkmark		
Acrylic priming emulsions		✓	
Dispersion renders and paints		√	
Acrylic impregnants		√	
Algae			✓
Fungi			✓
	TYPE OF CLEA	ANED SURFACE	
Glazed tiles and terracotta	\checkmark	✓	
Clinker and gres-porcelain	\checkmark	✓	
Stone	\checkmark	√	
Plastic	√	√	
Glass		√	
Chrome plated	√		
Steel	√	√	
Mineral renders	<u> </u>	✓ ·	√
Concrete elements		· ✓	<u>·</u> ✓
Grouts		✓	<i>√</i>

particularly recommendedcan be used

Introduction of construction products for trade within the European Union is regulated by the **Regulation (EU) No 305/2011** of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 (so-called CPR). According to this Act, supported by the local regulations of each EU – member state, the packaging of a construction product may be labelled with CE or B symbol (in special cases both characters can occur simultaneously on the packaging of a particular product). The application of CE mark on a construction product was based until 30 June 2013 on the Declaration of Conformity issued by a manufacturer (if the product in question had harmonized technical specification). Since 1 July 2013 the Declaration of Conformity has been replaced by the Declaration of Performance. The B – symbol labelling of the packaging of a construction product is based on the Domestic Declaration of Conformity issued by a manufacturer. In any case, this Declaration constitutes the manufacturer's guarantee that the concerned product has the properties stated in the Declaration and, in particular, that it has technical and performance characteristics specified in the appropriate product technical specification issued by the manufacturer. That technical specification for CE marking may be the Polish Standard with the status of a harmonized European Norm (PN-EN) or the European Technical Approval (in accordance with CPR the new name is the European Assessment Document). In case of B marking, the Polish Standard (which does not have a harmonized status) or the Technical Approval may be the technical specification. The CE or B symbol, if there is no technical impediment, should be applied on the packaging of a product.

There are products used in construction works, which according to the act mentioned above are not classified as construction products. This applies to, e.g.: paints, primers and impregnants. There are no appropriate technical specifications for them, hence the manufacturers of these products do not issue the Declarations of Conformity and have no basis for labelling them with CE or B symbols.

8.1 Standard Symbols Used in Classification of Adhesives According to PN-EN 12004+A1:2012

According to the standard above adhesives are divided into:

- **C** cement adhesives
- **D** dispersion adhesives
- R adhesives based on reactive resins

Adhesive type depends on the type of binder and the binding mode. Adhesives based on cement (C), in which Portland cement is the binder, bind thanks to hydration of cement. Dispersion adhesives (D), in which the role of binder is fulfilled by the organic resins, bind by drying. Adhesives based on reactive resins (R) are two-component, therefore they bind by chemical reaction between the components of the adhesive.

Each of three types of adhesives can exist in different classes. Standard lists the following classes of adhesives:

- 1 standard setting adhesives; adhesion after 28 days \geq 0.5 N / m²
- adhesives of improved parameters; adhesion after 28 days \geq 1.0 N / mm²
- **F** fast setting adhesives; adhesion after 6 hours \geq 0.5 N / mm²
- T adhesives with reduced slip; slip not exceeding 0.5 mm
- **E** adhesives with extended open time; adhesion after 28 days> 0.5 N / mm², despite the fact the time between the application of the adhesive and placing a tile is not longer than 30 minutes
- **\$1** deformable adhesives
- **S2** highly deformable adhesives

Deformability of an adhesive is a feature which determines the ability to transfer shear tensions at the joints between the adhesive and the substrate. Such tensions may occur, for example, between adhesive and elastic substrate, that is the case when fixing ceramic tiles on the OSB boards or on substrates which change the temperature due to external factors (e.g. terraces, balconies or floors with heating systems). In these cases one should apply deformable adhesives marked with S1 symbol.

Example of adhesive labelling - ATLAS PLUS EXPRESS - (C2 FTE S1)

ATLAS PLUS EXPRESS ADHESIVE is:

- c2 a cement based adhesive of improved parameters, adhesion > 1.0 N/mm²
- **F** fast setting
- T with reduced slip
- **E** with extended open time
- **S1** deformable

8.2 Standard Symbols Used in Classification of Grouts According to PN-EN 13888:2010

Grouts are divided into three types:

CG1 cement grout of standard bonding strength

CG2 WA cement grout of enhanced parameters, reduced water absorption and increased resistance to abrasion

RG grout based on reactive resins

Example of grout labelling - ATLAS ARTIS GROUT - (CG2 WA)

ATLAS ARTIS GROUT is:

CG2 a cement grout of enhanced parameters

W with reduced water absorption

A with increased resistance to abrasion

8.3 Standard Symbols Used in Classification of Rough Floors According to PN-EN 13813:2003

According to the standard above rough floors are divided according to the type of binder used for manufacturing:

CT cement - based rough floors

CA anhydrite (calcium sulfate) - based rough floors

MA magnesium rough floors

AS asphalt rough floors

SR rough floors made of synthetic resins

Each of the rough floors listed above may be characterized by:

C compressive strength [N/mm²]

F flexural strength [N/mm²]

A abrasion resistance [cm³/50 cm²]

Example of rough floor labelling - ATLAS POSTAR 40 (CT-C30-F6-A22)

ATLAS POSTAR 40 rough floor is:

CT a cement rough floor

C30 of compressive strength $\geq 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$

F6 of flexural strength $\geq 6 \text{ N/mm}^2$

A22 of abrasion resistance ≤22 cm³/50 cm²

Abrasion resistance for ATLAS products is given according to the Böhm's method. It consists of determining the volume of material scratched from the rough floor surface of 50 cm². Thus – the higher number of **A** index indicates the lower resistance to abrasion of the rough floor. This means that the rough floor labelled with **A22** has lower resistance to abrasion than the **A15** labelled one.

9.1 Water Absorbability

Water absorbability of a material depends on the size and the structure of pores. In construction, one usually uses the weight water absorbability. It determines the amount of water that the material can absorb and retain. In practice, it equals the maximum moisture content in the material. The weight water absorbability is indicated by the ratio of water mass absorbed by the material to the mass of material in a dry state, determined in percents. Thus, absorbability of 15% means that the material in wet state is 15% heavier than when it is dry.

9.2 Abrasion

Abrasion in construction is determined by the loss of mass, volume, thickness or height under the influence of abrasive factor. Abrasion is an important parameter for materials used for execution of rough floors and floors. The most common method used by manufacturers of construction materials to determine the abrasion is the Böhm's method. This method is also used by ATLAS. In case of floors one determines the volume loss measured in cm³ per 50 cm² of the material surface. In case of rough floors abrasion is described with letter "A" with a numerical index.

Note! When determining abrasion, higher numerical index "A" indicates lower abrasion resistance of the material.

9.3 Thermal Conductivity Coefficient "λ"

Thermal conductivity coefficient λ stands for the amount of heat transmitted through the material. It is determined by the amount of heat transmitted through 1 m² of material of 1 m thickness at temperature difference of 1K. Low value of λ coefficient characterises materials which conduct heat poorly, so they are good insulators. Below there is a comparison of coefficients for selected materials

"λ" coefficients for selected building materials

Material	Thermal conductivity coefficient λ [W/mK]
Concrete of stone aggregate	1.00
Wall of ceramic brick	0.77
Wall of ceramic hollow blocks jointed with cement-lime mortar	0.33
Pine wood across the fibres	0.16
EPS	0.031-0.045
Mineral wool	0.031-0.045

Data given in the table is defined for the materials in a medium wet state.

9.4 Heat Resistance "R"

Heat resistance **R** (m² x K/W) depends on the thickness of the material layer and the value of λ coefficient and it is represented by the following formula:

$$R = \frac{d}{\lambda}$$

Below there is a comparison of layers of selected materials, for which heat resistance is of the same value:

$$R = 0.25 (m^2 K/W)$$

Thickness of selected materials of the same heat resistance

Material	Layer thickness [cm] at R=0.25 [m²K/W] heat resistance
EPS	1.0
Pine wood across the fibres	4.0
Wall of ceramic hollow blocks	8.0
Wall of ceramic brick	19.3
Concrete of stone aggregate	25.0

9.5 Thermal Transmittance Coefficient "U"

Thermal transmittance of the building partition is defined by the "U" [W/m2K] coefficient. It determines the amount of heat transmitted through 1m² of partition. "U" coefficient is a reciprocal of thermal resistance "R". Therefore it is described by the formula:

$$U = \frac{1}{R}$$

Low value of "U" coefficient represents small amount of heat penetrating the building partition, e.g. an external wall of a building. Thus, the lower the "U" coefficient is, the better thermal insulation of the partition one obtains. Since thermal insulation of walls is crucial for energy savings, it is not surprising that the value of "U" coefficient, or rather its limit is defined in the Regulation of the Minister of Transport, Construction and Maritime Economy on technical specifications that need to be met by buildings and their location. Currently, the limiting value of "U" coefficient in Poland is lower than 0.25 [W/m²K]. For other states one should follow local requirements.

The table below shows the minimum thickness of EPS layer resulting in "U" value lower than 0,25 [W/m²K].

Thickness of EPS layer combined with other materials resulting in "U" value lower than 0.25 [W/m²K]

Construction material of the wall	Material thickness [cm]	Minimum thickness of EPS with λ =0.035 [W/mK] resulting in "U" value for whole partition lower than 0.25 [W/m²K]
Concrete of stone aggregate	16	16
Wall of ceramic bricks	38	12
Wall of ceramic hollow blocks	29	11

9.6 Relative Diffusion Resistance Coefficient "µ"

The relative diffusion resistance coefficient is comparative in nature. The comparison is made between the diffusion resistance of any construction material and air diffusion resistance. It is assumed that the value of diffusion resistance of the air layer of a thickness of 1m is 1. Owing to this, any construction material has a diffusion resistance higher than 1 – the diffusion resistance of air. If " μ " coefficient for selected material is 67, it means that the material is 67 times more resistant to gas (e.g. water vapour) than water. Below there is a table of " μ " values for selected construction materials.

Relative diffusion resistance coefficient "µ" for selected materials

Material	Coefficient μ
Air	1.0
Mineral wool	1.3
Gypsum	10
Brick	10
Silicate brick	20
Cellular concrete (density 800kg/m³)	10
EPS	60
Wood-based boards - plywood	150

10. Units in Construction

Currently functioning system of measurement is SI - International System of Units approved in 1960 by the General Conference on Weights and Measures. SI units are divided into basic and derived. The table below presents the basic SI units and selected derived units used in technology, and especially in construction.

Basic units and selected derived SI units

Basic units				
Base quantity	Name	Symbol		
Length	metre	m		
Mass	kilogram	kg		
Time	second	S		
Temperature	Kelvin	K		
Derived units				
Base quantity	Name	Symbol		
Force	Newton	N		
Pressure	Pascal	Pa		

Despite the official system of measurement there still exists a generic system which mostly describes the pressures. Unit of pressure here is a kilogram per area unit expressed in square cm or square meters. Below there are conversions from SI units to generic system.

Conversions of stress units:

Assumptions:

10 N ≈1 kG

 $1 \text{ MPa} = 1 \text{ N/mm}^2$

1 MPa ≈10 kG/cm²

Example: Compressive strength of ATLAS POSTAR 40 rough floor is:

 $30 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 30 \text{ MPa} \approx 300 \text{ kG/cm}^2$

Conversions of pressure units:

Assumptions:

1 MPa = 100 000 mm head of water = 100 m head of water

Example: Pressurized water resistance for ATLAS WODER DUO is:

0.5 MPa = 50 m head of water



ATLAS WODER DUO Two-component waterproof insulation

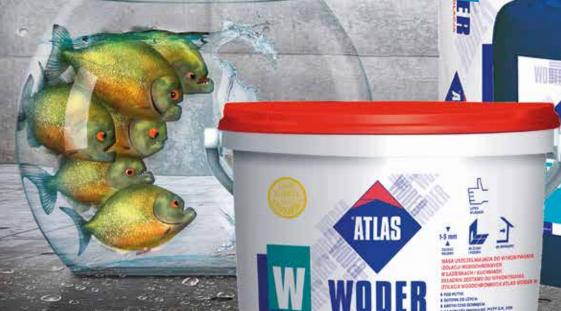
flexible*with reinforcing polymer microfibers*forms coat resistant to negative pressure of water*ideal under tiles on balconies and terraces

ATLAS WODER E

Liquid foil for jointless waterproofing

one-component*easy to use*enables to obtain continuous and flexible waterproof insulation*protects against moisture: bathrooms, kitchens, balconies, terraces

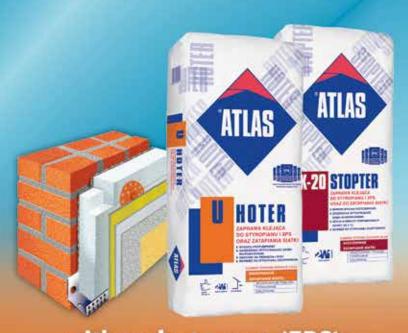








EXTERNAL WALL INSULATION SYSTEM



with polysteryne (EPS): ETA-06/0081

ETA-06/0187



with mineral wool ETA-06/0173 ETA-06/0281











